

IX5-28GPX

High Availability Video Surveillance Switch

The Allied Telesis IX5-28GPX offers an impressive set of features in a high-value package, making it ideal for IP video surveillance environments.







Overview

10011001010010

The Allied Telesis IX5-28GPX provides a high performing and scalable solution for today's networks. With 24 PoE+ enabled 10/100/1000Mbps ports, two 1/10 Gigabit uplinks, plus the ability to stack up to four units, the IX5-28GPX is the ideal solution for video surveillance applications where high performance and resilient PoE power are critical.

High availability

The IX5-28GPX was designed with reliability in mind. It guarantees continual delivery of data and streaming video. Dual hot-swappable load-sharing power supplies provide resilient system and end-point power, with up to 30 Watts available to power today's pan, tilt and zoom cameras. Factor in the ability to operate at up to 60°C, and the IX5 is an easy choice for modern video surveillance environments.

Network resiliency

The convergence of network services in the enterprise has led to increasing demand for highly available networks with minimal downtime. VCStack, in conjunction with link aggregation, provides a network with no single point of failure and an easy, resilient solution for high availability applications. The IX5-28GPX can form a VCStack of up to four units for enhanced resiliency and simplified device management.

Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™), and the standards-based G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection, ensure that distributed network segments have high-speed, resilient access to online resources and applications.

Ring Protection and VCStack-LD (Long Distance), which enables stacks to be

created over long distance fiber links, make the IX5-28GPX the perfect choice for distributed environments.

Simplified network management

Modern converged networks have increasing management requirements. Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework (AMF) automates many everyday tasks, including configuration management, saving you valuable time and resources. The complete network can be managed as a single virtual device with powerful centralized management features. Growing the network can be accomplished with plug-and-play simplicity, and network node recovery is fully zero-touch.

AMF secure mode increases network security with management traffic encryption, authorization, and monitoring.

Advanced operating system

The IX5-28GPX runs the advanced AlliedWare Plus™ fully featured operating system, delivering a rich feature set and an industry-standard CLI. The industry-standard CLI reduces training requirements and is consistent across all AW+ devices, simplifying network management.

Secure

Advanced security features protect the network from the edge to the core. Unprecedented control over user access is provided with Network Access Control (NAC), to mitigate threats to network infrastructure. This ensures the network is accessed only by known users and devices - users' adherence to network security policies is checked, and either access is granted or remediation is offered. Secure access can also be provided for guests. A secure network

environment is guaranteed, with powerful control over network traffic types, secure management options, and other multi- layered security features built right into the IX5-28GPX switch.

Future-proof

The flexibility of the IX5-28GPX, coupled with the ability to seamlessly add new nodes to a VCStack of multiple units, ensures a future-proof network. The IX5-28GPX comes with a comprehensive IPv6 feature set, ensuring it is ready for future network traffic demands.

Eco-friendly

The IX5-28GPX supports Energy Efficient Ethernet, which automatically reduces the power consumed by the switch whenever there is no traffic on a port. This sophisticated feature can significantly reduce operating costs, by reducing the power requirements of the switch and any associated cooling equipment.

New Features

- ▶ AMF secure mode
- ► G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection
- ▶ Ethernet CFM
- ► ACLs for management traffic
- Active Fiber Monitoring
- Microsoft Network Load Balancing (MS NLB) support
- ► VLAN Mirroring (RSPAN)











Key Features

Reliable

 Dual hot-swappable load-sharing power supplies maximize network uptime, ensuring a resilient solution where always-on access is required.

Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework (AMF)

- ▶ Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework (AMF) is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Common tasks are automated or made so simple that the every-day running of a network can be achieved without the need for highly-trained, and expensive, network engineers. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.
- AMF secure mode encrypts all AMF traffic, provides unit and user authorization, and monitors network access to greatly enhance network security.

VCStack™(Virtual Chassis Stacking)

Create a VCStack of up to four IX5 units with 40Gbps of stacking bandwidth to each unit. VCStack provides a highly available system where network resources are spread out across stacked units, reducing the impact if one of the units fails. Aggregating switch ports on different units across the stack provides excellent network resiliency.

Long-distance Stacking

 Long-distance stacking allows a VCStack to be created over longer distances, perfect for a distributed network environment.

EPSRing™(Ethernet Protection Switched Ring)

- ► EPSRing and 10 Gigabit Ethernet allow several IX5 switches to form a high-speed protected ring capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. This feature is ideal for large IP surveillance environments.
- Super-Loop Protection enables a link between two EPSR nodes to be in separate EPSR domains, improving redundancy and network fault resiliency.

G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection

- G.8032 provides standards-based high-speed ring protection, that can be deployed stand-alone, or interoperate with Allied Telesis EPSR.
- Ethernet Connectivity Fault Monitoring (CFM) proactively monitors links and VLANs, and provides alerts when a fault is detected.

Industry-leading Quality of Service (QoS)

Comprehensive low-latency wire speed QoS provides flow-based traffic management with full classification, prioritization, traffic shaping and min/max bandwidth profiles. Boosted network performance and guaranteed delivery of businesscritical Ethernet services and applications are provided. Time-critical services such as voice and video take precedence over non-essential services such as file downloads, maintaining responsiveness of Enterprise applications.

Loop Protection

- ➤ Thrash limiting, also known as rapid MAC movement, detects and resolves network loops. It is highly user-configurable from the rate of looping traffic to the type of action the switch should take when it detects a loop.
- ▶ With thrash limiting, the switch only detects a loop when a storm has occurred, which can potentially cause disruption to the network. To avoid this, loop detection works in conjunction with thrash limiting to send special Loop Detection Frame (LDF) packets that the switch listens for. If a port receives an LDF packet, the port, or link can be disabled, or an SNMP trap can be sent. This feature can help to detect loops before a network storm occurs, avoiding the risk and inconvenience of traffic disruption.

Power over Ethernet Plus (PoE+)

With PoE, a separate power connection to media endpoints such as IP phones and wireless access points is not necessary. PoE+ reduces costs and provides even greater flexibility, providing the capability to connect devices requiring more power (up to 30 Watts) such as, tilt and zoom security cameras.

Link Layer Discovery Protocol – Media Endpoint Discovery (LLDP – MED)

▶ LLDP-MED extends LLDP basic network endpoint discovery and management functions. LLDP-MED allows for media endpoint specific messages, providing detailed information on power requirements, network policy, location discovery (for Emergency Call Services) and inventory.

Voice VLAN

Voice VLAN automatically separates voice and data traffic into two different VLANs. This automatic separation places delay-sensitive traffic into a voice- dedicated VLAN, which simplifies QoS configurations.

sFlow

sFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector ensure it always has a real-time view of network traffic.

VLAN Mirroring (RSPAN)

VLAN mirroring allows traffic from a port on a remote switch to be analysed locally. Traffic being transmitted or received on the port is duplicated and sent across the network on a special VLAN.

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Snooping

▶ DHCP servers allocate IP addresses to clients, and the switch keeps a record of addresses issued on each port. IP source guard checks against this DHCP snooping database to ensure only clients with specific IP and/or MAC address can access the network. DHCP snooping can be combined with other features, like dynamic ARP inspection, to increase security in Layer 2 switched environments, and also provides a traceable history, which meets the growing legal requirements placed on service providers.

Tri-authentication

➤ Authentication options on the IX5 also include alternatives to IEEE 802.1x port-based authentication, such as web authentication to enable guest access and MAC authentication for endpoints that do not have an IEEE 802.1x supplicant. All three authentication methods—IEEE 802.1x, MAC-based and Web-based—can be enabled simultaneously on the same port for tri-authentication.

Access Control Lists (ACLs)

AlliedWare Plus delivers industry-standard Access Control functionality through ACLs. ACLs filter network traffic to control whether routed packets are forwarded or blocked at the port interface. This provides a powerful network security mechanism to select the types of traffic to be analyzed, forwarded, or influenced in some way.

Optical DDM

Most modern optical SFP/SFP+/XFP transceivers support Digital Diagnostics Monitoring (DDM) functions according to the specification SFF-8472. This enables real time monitoring of the various parameters of the transceiver, such as optical output power, temperature, laser bias current and transceiver supply voltage. Easy access to this information simplifies diagnosing problems with optical modules and fiber connections.

Active Fiber Monitoring

Active Fiber Monitoring prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent.

UniDirectional link Detection

UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD) is useful for monitoring fiber-optic links between two switches that use two single-direction fibers to transmit and receive packets. UDLD prevents traffic from being sent across a bad link by blocking the ports at both ends of the link in the event that either the individual transmitter or receiver for that connection fails.

2 | X5-28GPX alliedtelesis.com



Key Solutions

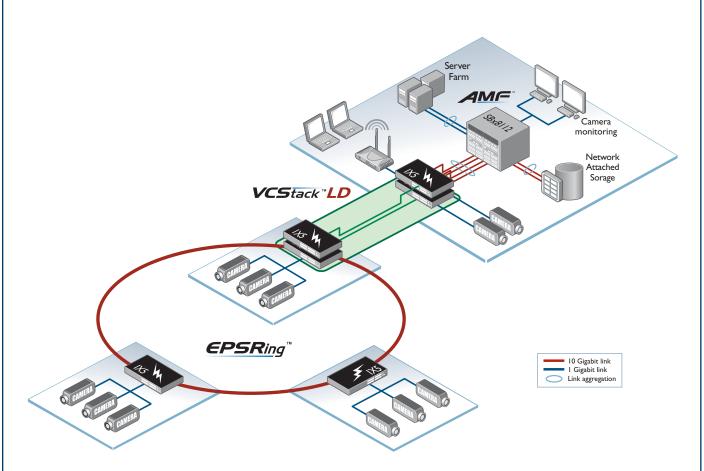


Diagram 1: IP Video Surveillance

IP Video Surveillance

With the evolution of CCTV technology to digital IP-based systems, the emphasis has moved from simple video footage monitoring, to intelligent systems with video analytics capable of identifying abnormal events or behavior. As intelligence increases in these systems, so too do the applications for this technology – from retail outlets, warehouses and office buildings, to hotels, hospitals and advanced traffic monitoring systems.

Modern high definition digital images are sharper and clearer than ever before. Large amounts of digital video can be stored on Network-Attached Storage (NAS) systems, and digital images don't degrade over time.

Allied Telesis provides secure and resilient IP video surveillance network solutions. The key features of our AT-IX5-28GPX switch make it ideal for use in advanced surveillance systems:

- Dual hot-swappable load-sharing power supplies, and support for operation up to 60°C ensure maximum network uptime.
- ▶ Power over Ethernet (PoE+) provides up to 30 Watts to end-points, supporting the latest generation of pan, tilt and zoom IP cameras.
- ► High performance multicast support manages large numbers of digital video streams across the network.
- Long-Distance Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack-LD) is ideal to spread network distribution, while keeping total resilience.
- ▶ Ethernet Protection Switched Rings (EPSR) provides a high-speed ring topology with failover in a little as 50ms, supporting large IP surveillance environments with an 'always-on' solution.

With the AT-IX5-28GPX and other advanced switching products, Allied Telesis IP video surveillance solutions are dependable, scalable and ready for the next generation of digital monitoring technologies.

NETWORK SMARTER IX5-28GPX | 3



Product Specifications

PRODUCT	10/100/1000T (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	100/1000X SFP PORTS	1/10 GIGABIT SFP+ PORTS	10 GIGABIT Stacking Ports	MAX POE+ PORTS	SWITCHING Fabric	FORWARDING RATE
AT-IX5-28GPX	24	-	2	2*	24	128Gbps	95.2Mpps

* Stacking ports can be configured as additional 1G/10G Ethernet ports when unit is not stacked

Performance

- ▶ 40 Gbps of stacking bandwidth
- ► Supports 13kB Jumbo frames
- Wirespeed multicasting
- ▶ Up to 16K MAC addresses
- ▶ 512MB DDR SDRAM
- ▶ 64MB flash memory
- ► Packet Buffer memory: 2MB

Reliability

- ▶ Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system
- Redundant power supplies load share providing uninterrupted power and extra reliability
- Full environmental monitoring of PSUs, fans, temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure

Power Characteristics

- ► AC voltage: 90 to 260V (auto-ranging)
- Frequency: 47 to 63Hz

Expandability

▶ Stackable up to four units of IX5 in a VCStack

Flexibility and Compatibility

- ▶ 10G SFP+ ports will support any combination of Allied Telesis 1000Mbps SFP and 10GbE SFP+ modules and direct attach cables listed in this document under Ordering Information
- Stacking ports can be configured as 10G Ethernet ports
- Port speed and duplex configuration can be set manually or by auto-negotiation

Diagnostic Tools

- Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links
- ▶ Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- ► Find-me device locator
- ► Cable fault locator (TDR)
- UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD)
- ► Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- ► Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)
- ▶ Ping polling for IPv4 and IPv6
- ► Port and VLAN mirroring (RSPAN)
- ► TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6

IPv4 Features

- Black hole routing
- Directed broadcast forwarding
- ▶ DNS relay
- ► Policy-based routing
- ▶ IPv4 static routing
- ▶ UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)

IPv6 Features

- DHCPv6 relay, DHCPv6 client
- ▶ DNSv6 relay, DNSv6 client
- ▶ IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
- ► IPv6 hardware ACLs

- ▶ Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6
- ▶ NTPv6 client and server
- ▶ IPv6 static routing

Management

- Front panel 7-segment LED provides at-a-glance status and fault information
- Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery
- Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- ► Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- ► Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- ► Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- ▶ Powerful CLI scripting engine and built-in text editor
- Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standardsbased device management
- ► Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events
- USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices

Quality of Service (QoS)

- 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
- Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications
- Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- ► Policy-based storm protection
- ► Extensive remarking capabilities
- ► Taildrop for queue congestion control
- Strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed
- ▶ IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on layer 2, 3 and 4 headers

Resiliency

- Stacking ports can be configured as 10G Ethernet ports
- Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
- Dynamic link failover (host attach)
- ► EPSRing (Ethernet Protection Switched Rings) with SuperLoop Protection (SLP)
- ► EPSR enhanced recovery for extra resiliency
- Long-Distance stacking (LD-VCStack)
- ► Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting
- PVST+ compatibility mode
- ▶ STP root guard
- VCStack fast failover minimizes network disruption

Security

- Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers
- ► Configurable ACLs for management traffic
- Auth-fail and guest VLANs
- ► Authentication, Authorisation and Accounting (AAA)
- Bootloader can be password protected for device security
- ▶ BPDU protection
- DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- ► DoS attack blocking and virus throttling
- ▶ Dynamic VLAN assignment
- ► MAC address filtering and MAC address lock-down
- Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
- ► Port-based learn limits (intrusion detection)
- Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN
- ► Secure Copy (SCP)
- ► Strong password security and encryption
- ► Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1x
- ► RADIUS group selection per VLAN or port

Environmental Specifications

- Operating temperature range: 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F) nominal
 - 0°C to 60°C (32°F to 140°F) with 2 x PWR800 and 250W PoE max. Derated by 1°C per 305 meters (1,000 ft)
- ➤ Storage temperature range: -25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)
- ► Operating relative humidity range: 5% to 90% non-condensing
- Storage relative humidity range: 5% to 95% non-condensing
- Operating altitude: 3,048 meters maximum (10,000 ft)

Electrical Approvals and Compliances

- ► EMC: EN55022 class A, FCC class A, VCCl class A, ICES-003 class A
- Immunity: EN55024, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker) – AC models only

Safety

- Standards: UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, EN60950-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS 60950.1
- ► Certification: UL, cUL

Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance

- ► EU RoHS compliant
- ► China RoHS compliant

Country of Origin

► China



Physical Specifications and MTBF Figures

PRODUCT	WIDTH X DEPTH X HEIGHT	MOUNTING	WE	IGHT	PACKAGED DIMENSIONS	
THODOOT	WIDTH A DEI TH A HEIGHT	MOONTING	UNPACKAGED	PACKAGED	T AURAGED DIMENSIONS	
AT-IX5-28GPX	440 x 480 x 44 mm 17.32 x 18.89 x 1.73 in)	1RU Rack-mount	5.4 kg (11.91 lb)	7.4 kg (16.32 lb)	58 x 56 x 15 cm 22.8 x 22.0 x 5.9 in)	

Power and Noise Characteristics

	NO POE LOAD			FULL POE+ LOAD		
PRODUCT	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE
AT-IX5-28GPX	81W	276 BTU/h	44 dBA	626W	703 BTU/hr	52 dBA

Noise: tested to ISO7779; front bystander position

Latency (microseconds)

PRODUCT	PORT SPEED				
PRODUCI	10MBPS	100MBPS	1GBPS	10GBPS	
AT-IX5-28GPX	66µs	9.3µs	3.9µs	3.0µs	

PSU PoE Options

PSU	MAX POE POWER	MAX POE PORTS AT 15W PER PORT	MAX POE+ PORTS AT 30W PER PORT
1 x AT-PWR800	370w	24	12
2 x AT-PWR800	720w	24	24

Standards and Protocols

AlliedWare Plus Operating System

Version 5.4.7-1

Cryptographic Algorithms FIPS Approved Algorithms

Encryption (Block Ciphers):

- ► AES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)
- ▶ 3DES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)

Block Cipher Modes:

- ► CCM
- ► CMAC
- ► GCM
- ▶ XTS

Digital Signatures & Asymmetric Key Generation:

- ► DSA
- ► ECDSA
- ▶ RSA

Secure Hashing:

- ► SHA-1
- ► SHA-2 (SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384. SHA-512)

Message Authentication:

► HMAC (SHA-1, SHA-2(224, 256, 384, 512)

Random Number Generation:

DRBG (Hash, HMAC and Counter)

Non FIPS Approved Algorithms

RNG (AES128/192/256)

DES

MD5

Ethernet

IEEE 802.2 Logical Link Control (LLC)

IEEE 802.3 Ethernet

IEEE 802.3ab1000BASE-T

IFFF 802.3ae10 Gigabit Ethernet

IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE)

IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet plus (PoE+)

IEEE 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)

IEEE 802.3x Flow control - full-duplex operation

IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X

IPv4 Features

RFC 768	User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 791	Internet Protocol (IP)

RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)

RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)

RFC 894 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams

over Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams

RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the

presence of subnets RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme

RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure

RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)

RFC 1027 Proxy ARP

RFC 1035

DNS client RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams

over IFFF 802 networks

RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum

RFC 1122 Internet host requirements

RFC 1191 Path MTU discovery

An architecture for IP address allocation with RFC 1518

RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) RFC 1542 Clarifications and extensions for BootP

RFC 1591 Domain Name System (DNS)

RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 routers

RFC 1918 IP addressing

TCP congestion control RFC 2581

IPv6 Features

RFC 1981 Path MTU discovery for IPv6 RFC 2460 IPv6 specification

RFC 2464 Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet

RFC 3484 Default address selection for IPv6

RFC 3587 IPv6 global unicast address format RFC 3596 DNS extensions to support IPv6

RFC 4007 IPv6 scoped address architecture RFC 4193 Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses

RFC 4213 Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers

RFC 4291 IPv6 addressing architecture

RFC 4443 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) RFC 4861 Neighbor discovery for IPv6

RFC 4862 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration (SLAAC) RFC 5014 IPv6 socket API for source address selection RFC 5095 Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option RFC 6105 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard

Management

AT Enterprise MIB with AMF MIB and SNMP traps

Optical DDM MIB

SNMPv1, v2c and v3

IEEE 802.1ABLink Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)

Structure and identification of management

information for TCP/IP-based Internets RFC 1157 Simple Network Management Protocol

(SNMP) Concise MIB definitions

RFC 1212 RFC 1213 MIB for network management of TCP/

IP-based Internets: MIB-II RFC 1215 Convention for defining traps for use with the SMMP

RFC 1227 SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB RFC 1239

RFC 2578 Structure of Management Information v2

(SMIv2) RFC 2579 Textual conventions for SMIv2

RFC 2580 Conformance statements for SMIv2 RFC 2674 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and

VLAN extensions RFC 2741 Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol

RFC 2787 Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RFC 2819 RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) RFC 2863 Interfaces group MIB

RFC 3164 Syslog protocol RFC 3176 sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in

switched and routed networks RFC 3411 An architecture for describing SNMP management frameworks

RFC 3412 Message processing and dispatching for the SNMP RFC 3413 SNMP applications

RFC 3414 User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3

View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for RFC 3415 SNMP

RFC 3416 Version 2 of the protocol operations for the RFC 3417 Transport mappings for the SNMP

RFC 3418 MIB for SNMP RFC 3621 Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB

NETWORK SMARTER IX5-28GPX | 5

IX5-28GPX | High Availability Video Surveillance Switch



RFC 3635	Definitions of managed objects for the
	Ethernet-like interface types
RFC 3636	IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB
RFC 4022	MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
RFC 4113	MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 4188	Definitions of managed objects for bridges
RFC 4292	IP forwarding table MIB
RFC 4293	MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)
RFC 4318	Definitions of managed objects for bridges with RSTP
RFC 4560	Definitions of managed objects for remote ping, traceroute and lookup operations
RFC 6527	Definitions of managed objects for VRRPv3

Multicast	Support
-----------	---------

IGMP query solicitation IGMP snooping (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) IGMP snooping fast-leave IGMP/MLD multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) MLD snooping (MLDv1 and v2) Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) RFC 2236 Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) RFC 2710 Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 RFC 2715 Interoperability rules for multicast routing RFC 3306 Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses IGMPv3 RFC 3376 RFC 3810 Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for RFC 4541 IGMP and MLD snooping switches

Quality of Service (QoS)

IEEE 802.1p Priority tagging Specification of the controlled-load network RFC 2211 element service RFC 2474 DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port RFC 2475 DiffServ architecture RFC 2597 DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)

RFC 2697 A single-rate three-color marker RFC 2698 A two-rate three-color marker RFC 3246 DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)

Resiliency Features

ITU-T G.8023 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) IEEE 802.1AXLink aggregation (static and LACP) IEEE 802.1D MAC bridges IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) IEEE 802.3adStatic and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6

Security Features

SSH remote login SSLv2 and SSLv3

TACACS+ Accounting, Authentication and Accounting (AAA) IEEE 802.1X authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5)

IEEE 802.1X multi-supplicant authentication IEEE 802.1X port-based network access control RFC 2818 HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RFC 2865 RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting RFC 2866 RFC 2868 RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate RFC 3280 Revocation List (CRL) profile RFC 3546 Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions

RFC 3579 RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines RFC 3580 RFC 3748 PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) RFC 4251 Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture RFC 4252 Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol RFC 4253 Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol RFC 4254 Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol

RFC 5246 TLS v1.2

Services

RFC 854	Telnet protocol specification
RFC 855	Telnet option specifications
RFC 857	Telnet echo option
RFC 858	Telnet suppress go ahead option
RFC 1091	Telnet terminal-type option
RFC 1350	Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
RFC 1985	SMTP service extension
RFC 2049	MIME
RFC 2131	DHCPv4 (server, relay and client)
RFC 2132	DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions
RFC 2616	Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
RFC 2821	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
RFC 2822	Internet message format
RFC 3046	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP
	option 82)
RFC 3315	DHCPv6 (server, relay and client)
RFC 3633	IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6
RFC 3646	DNS configuration options for DHCPv6
RFC 3993	Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agen
	option
RFC 4330	Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP)
	version 4
RFC 5905	Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4

VLAN Support

Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP) IEEE 802.1ad Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges IEEE 802.1v VLAN classification by protocol and port IEEE 802.3acVLAN tagging

Voice over IP (VoIP)

LLDP-MED ANSI/TIA-1057 Voice VLAN



AT-IX5-28GPX Front view



AT-IX5-28GPX Rear view with 1 power supply



AT-IX5-28GPX Rear view with 2 power supplies

6 | IX5-28GPX alliedtelesis.com











Ordering Information

Switch and Power Supply options

AT-IX5-28GPX-00

24-port 10/100/1000BASE-T stackable PoE+ switch with 4 SFP+ ports and 2 power supply bays Note: Power supplies ordered separately

AT-RKMT-SL01

Sliding rack mount kit

AT-PWR800-xx

800W AC system and PoE+ power supply

Where xx = 10 for US power cord

20 for no power cord

30 for UK power cord

40 for Australian power cord

50 for European power cord

10GbE SFP+ Modules

AT-SP10SR**

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF

AT-SP10SR/I

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LRM

10GLRM 1310 nm short-haul, 220 m with MMF

AT-SP10LR**

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

AT-SP10LR/I

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LR20/I

10GER 1310nm long-haul, 20 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ER40/I**

10GER 1310nm long-haul, 40 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ZR80/I**

10GER 1550nm long-haul, 80 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10TW1

1 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW3

3 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW7

7 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

SFP Modules

AT-SPSX

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850nm fiber up to 550m

AT-SPSX/I

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850nm fiber up to 550m industrial temperature

AT-SPEX

1000X GbE multi-mode 1310nm fiber up to 2km

AT-SPLX10

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310nm fiber up to 10km

AT-SPLXI0/1

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310nm fiber up to 10km industrial temperature

AT-SPBDI0-13

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1310nm Tx, 1490nm Rx) fiber up to 10km

AT-SPBDI0-14

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1490nm Tx, 1310nm Rx) fiber up to 10km

AT-SPLX40

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310nm fiber up to 40km $\,$

AT-SPZX80

1000ZX GbE single-mode 1550nm fiber up to 80 km

AT-SPBD20-13/I

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1550 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km $\,$

AT-SPBD20-14/I

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km $\,$

Feature Licenses

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES	STACK LICENSING
AT-FL-IX5-EPSR	IX5 EPSR Master and UDLD License	► EPSR Master ► UDLD	One license per stack member
AT-FL-IX5-8032	ITU-T G.8032 license	► G.8032 ring protection ► Ethernet CFM	 One license per stack member



NETWORK SMARTER

North America Headquarters | 19800 North Creek Parkway | Suite 100 | Bothell | WA 98011 | USA | T: +1 800 424 4284 | F: +1 425 481 3895 Asia-Pacific Headquarters | 11 Tai Seng Link | Singapore | 534182 | T: +65 6383 3832 | F: +65 6383 3830 EMEA & CSA Operations | Incheonweg 7 | 1437 EK Rozenburg | The Netherlands | T: +31 20 7950020 | F: +31 20 7950021

^{**} These modules support dual-rate 1G/10G operation