

x950 Series

Expandable 10G/40G/100G Stackable Layer 3+ Switches

Allied Telesis x950 Series switches are ideal for the modern enterprise network core, where stacking creates a resilient local or distributed solution. These powerful switches support 100 Gigabit connectivity, and provide the capacity that today's Smart City and IoT networks need.





x950 Series switches feature a highperforming 1.92 Terabit fabric, to eliminate bottlenecks and effortlessly forward all traffic.

x950 switches feature 24 or 48 x 1/10 Gigabit SFP+ ports, or 24 or 48 x 1/2.5/5/10 Gigabit copper ports to enable flexible deployment, while 4 x built-in 40G/100G ports provide high-speed backbone connectivity. 24-port models also feature an expansion (XEM) bay to easily add more capacity. Stack multiple units for a future-proof network.

Smart City and IoT networks

Large switching and routing tables support Smart City networks and the Internet of Things (IoT). The x950 Series meets the increasing demand for the convergence of multiple services.

Network automation

Allied Telesis Autonomous Management FrameworkTM (AMF) meets the increasing management requirements of modern converged networks, by automating many everyday tasks. AMF has powerful features that allow an entire network to be easily managed as a single virtual device.

Vista Manager™ EX is an intuitive graphical tool for monitoring and managing AMF wired and Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) wireless devices. Full visibility and powerful features enable proactive management of large networks.

Device, network, and security management

The Device GUI on the x950 Series enables graphical monitoring of key switch features to support easy management.

Integrated into the Device GUI, Vista Manager mini supports visibility and management of AMF wired and AWC wireless network devices, making it ideal as a one-stop solution for small to medium-sized networks.

AWC is an intelligent, easy to use Wireless LAN controller that automatically maintains optimal

wireless coverage. Vista Manager mini includes AWC floor and heat maps showing wireless coverage. It also supports AWC Channel Blanket hybrid operation, providing maximum performance and seamless roaming, as well as AWC Smart Connect for simplified deployment, and a resilient Wi-Fi network solution using wireless uplink connectivity.

The AMF-Security mini controller, with management integrated into the Device GUI, ensures protection against internal LAN malware threats, automatically stopping the spread of infection.

Resilient

The convergence of network services has led to increasing demand for highly-available networks with minimal downtime. Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack™), in conjunction with link aggregation, provides a network with no single point of failure, and a resilient solution for high-availability applications. The x950 Series can form a VCStack of up to eight units, at any port speed, for enhanced resiliency and simplified management. With VCStack over Long Distance (VCStack LD), stacks can also be created over long distance fiber links, making it the perfect choice for distributed environments too.

Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™) and the standards-based G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection, ensure that distributed network segments have high-speed, resilient access to online resources and applications.

Reliable

Designed with reliability in mind, the x950 Series guarantees the continual delivery of essential services. Hot-swappable components, such as XEMs, fans and load-sharing power supplies, pair with near-hitless online stack reconfiguration to ensure that maintenance doesn't affect network uptime.

Key Features

- ▶ High capacity, with 4 x QSFP+/ QSFP28 slots supporting 40G or 100G connectivity
- ► Multi-gig, 10G, 40G, 100G XEMs (28-port models only)
- ▶ AC or DC PSU options
- Reverse airflow option for flexible deployment
- ► Allied Telesis Autonomous Management FrameworkTM (AMF)
- ► Large switching and routing tables support Smart City and IoT networks
- VCStack[™] up to 8 units, locally or over distance
- ► EPSRingTM and G.8032 ERPS for resilient rings
- ► EPSR Master
- ► Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM) for fiber data and stacking links
- Media Access Control Security (MACSec)
- ► Modbus support
- Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)
- ► Link Monitoring
- ▶ VXLAN static tunnels
- ► AMF-Security mini
- ► AT-Vista Manager mini enables:
 - Wired and wireless network visibility
 - ► AWC wireless network management
 - ► AWC-Channel Blanket hybrid wireless
 - ► AWC-Smart Connect wireless uplinks
- ► FIPS 140-2 certified

Environmentally friendly

The x950 Series supports Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE), automatically reduces power consumption whenever there is no traffic on a port, reducing operating costs.

Key Features

Vista Manager mini

Integrated into the Device GUI, Vista Manager mini provides full network visibility of AMF wired and AWC wireless devices. Manage and simplify wireless deployment with AWC-Smart Connect, and support optimal wireless performance from AWC hybrid operation with maximum throughout and a seamless Wi-Fi user experience.

Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF)

- ▶ AMF is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Common tasks are automated or made so simple that the everyday running of a network can be achieved without the need for highly-trained, and expensive, network engineers. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.
- ➤ The x950 Series can operate as the AMF network master, storing firmware and configuration backups for all other network nodes. The AMF master enables auto-provisioning and auto-upgrade by providing appropriate files to new network members.
- ➤ AMF Guestnode allows Allied Telesis wireless access points and further switching products, as well as third party devices such as IP phones and security cameras, to be part of an AMF network.
- The x950 Series provide a single-pane-of-glass interface to the entire network. Administrators can view the AMF topology map using the intuitive Device GUI.

AWC Wireless Management

- Optimize wireless network performance with the Autonomous Wave Controller (AWC), built-in to the x950 Series. AWC analyzes wireless traffic patterns and automatically reconfigures access points to meet demand.
- Wireless network operation in multi-channel, single-channel (Channel Blanket), and hybrid (multichannel and Channel Blanket) modes, supports maximum data throughput and seamless roaming for the most flexible wireless solution available.
- AWC-Smart Connect (AWC-SC) enables plug-andplay wireless network growth, as new APs only need a power connection, and will then automatically create resilient wireless uplink connections to other APs.

Large Network Tables

High-capacity 1.92 Terabit fabric and 1,190Mpps packet forwarding provide powerful data transfer capability, supporting large campus networks as well as Smart City and IoT solutions. Large MAC and IP host tables are ready for the increasing number of connected devices found in modern enterprise and city-wide networks.

Multi-Speed Ports

Copper ports on the x950-28XTQm, XEM2-12XTm and XEM2-8XSTm expansion modules support 2.5 and 5 Gigabit connectivity to enable high-speed wireless, or maximum downlink speed using legacy Cat5E/6 cabling.

VCStack™

 Create a VCStack of up to eight units at any port speed. Stacking links are connected in a ring with dual connections to further improve resiliency. VCStack provides a highly available system where network resources are spread out across stacked units, reducing the impact if a unit fails. Aggregating switch ports on different units across the stack provides excellent network resiliency.

VCStack LD

Long-distance stacking allows a VCStack to be created over fiber links to span longer distances, perfect for a distributed network environment.

EPSRing™

- ► EPSRing allows several switches to form protected rings with 50ms failover—perfect for high performance at the core of Enterprise or Provider Access networks. x950 Series switches can act as the EPSR Master.
- SuperLoop Protection enables a link between two EPSR nodes to be in separate EPSR domains, improving redundancy and network fault resiliency.

G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection

- G.8032 provides standards-based high-speed ring protection, that can be deployed stand-alone, or interoperate with Allied Telesis EPSR.
- Ethernet Connectivity Fault Monitoring (CFM) proactively monitors links and VLANs, and provides alerts when a fault is detected.

Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM)

▶ AFM prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent. Active Fiber Monitoring is supported on fiber data and fiber stacking links.

Quality of Service (QoS)

Comprehensive low-latency wire-speed QoS provides flow-based traffic management, to guarantee delivery of time-critical applications like voice and video over non-essential services.

sFlow

SFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector (up to 5 collectors can be configured) ensure it always has a real-time view of network traffic.

Media Access Control Security (MACSec)

802.1AE MACSec secures all traffic on point-topoint Ethernet links between directly connected nodes, ensuring protection against security threats such as denial of service, intrusion, man-in-themiddle, passive wiretapping, and playback attacks.

AMF Application Proxy

Allied Telesis SES (Secure Enterprise SDN) solution enables internal LAN threat detection and automatic end-point isolation to protect the network. The AMF Application Proxy enables the SES controller to communicate with the AMF master when a threat is detected, so the AMF master can take action to block the threat at source by quarantining the infected end-point.

Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF Lite)

 VRF Lite provides Layer 3 network virtualization by dividing a single switch into multiple independent

- virtual routing domains. With independent routing domains, IP addresses can overlap without causing conflict, allowing multiple customers to have their own secure virtual network within the same physical infrastructure. VRF Lite supports both unicast and multicast traffic.
- ➤ The built-in DHCP Server on the x950 Series is VRF aware, enabling the supply of IP addresses to clients across multiple isolated networks.

VLAN Translation

- VLAN Translation allows traffic arriving on a VLAN to be mapped to a different VLAN on the outgoing paired interface.
- ▶ In Metro networks, a Service Provider (SP) will often give each customer their own unique VLAN, yet the customers may locally all use the same VLAN-IDs. VLAN Translation lets the SP change the VLAN-ID at the customer location to an ID to use within the SP network.
- ▶ This feature is also useful in the Enterprise to merge two networks together, without manually reconfiguring the VLAN numbering scheme. For example if two companies have merged and the same VLAN-ID is used for two different purposes.

Modbus

 Modbus enables communication with Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) systems for industrial automation.

Software-Defined Networking (SDN)

 OpenFlow is a key technology that enables the use of SDN to build smart applications that unlock value and reduce cost...

Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)

 MSDP enables two or more PIM-SM (Sparse Mode) domains to share information on active multicast sources, for more efficient forwarding of multicast traffic.

Link Monitoring (Linkmon)

▶ Linkmon enables network health monitoring by regularly sending probes over key links to gather metrics comprising latency, jitter, and probe loss. This supports pro-active network management, and can also be used with triggers to automate a change to device or network configuration in response to the declining health of a monitored link.

AMF-Security mini

➤ The AMF-Sec mini security controller (integrated into the Device GUI) works with your security appliance to enable automatic protection from internal malware threats. It stops the spread of infection and protects the LAN by quarantining any suspect devices.

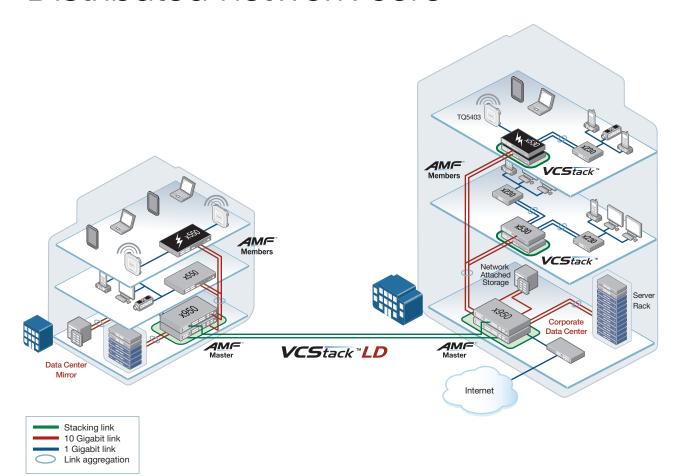
Flexible deployment

The x950 Series supports both AC and DC PSU options for flexible deployment. Reverse airflow PSUs and fans are also available to support high-speed server connectivity from the top-of-rack in an Enterprise datacenter.

Virtual Extensible LAN (VXLAN) tunnels

VXLAN tunnels let you join two or more L2 networks over an L3 IP network to form a single L2 broadcast domain. VXLAN adds scalability to cloud computing environments. The x950 Series supports static VXLAN tunnels.

Distributed network core



Today's corporate network users demand a high-performing enterprise network that can seamlessly carry multiple converged services, and provide instant access to online resources and applications. This key solution uses the x950 Series and VCStack LD—ideal for a distributed business network core that provides high availability, increased capacity and ease of management.

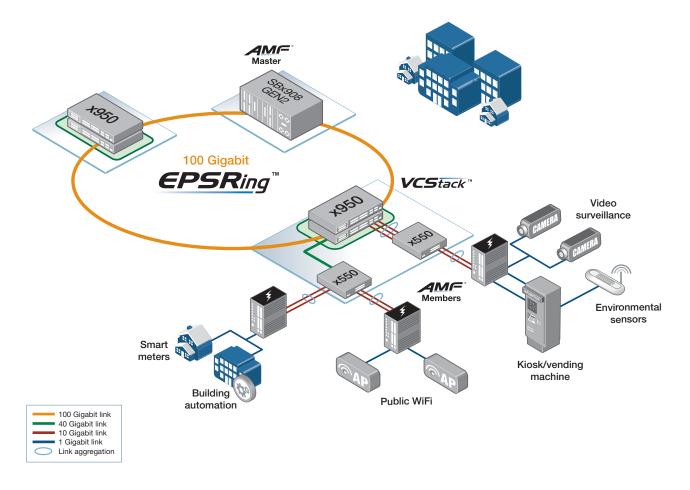
Using VCStack at the core of the network allows multiple switches to appear as a single virtual chassis, simplifying management. In normal operation, the full bandwidth of the network is used, and with two x950 switches in each location, there is both device and path resiliency. The x950 series stacks up to eight units at any port speed for

flexible deployment—supporting up to four locations with complete resiliency, or up to eight locations with a single switch each.

This powerful solution easily supports all online services, while mirroring of the corporate data center enables automated disaster recovery, to ensure always-available access to digital resources.

AMF allows the entire network to be unified for ease of management. The x950 VCStack acts as the AMF Master, automatically backing up the entire network, and enabling plug-and-play networking with zero-touch expansion and recovery.

Smart city network



All over the world, Smart Cities are looking to increase information availability, security and transport efficiency, whilst reducing pollution and waste. Access to real-time data from a variety of sources gives cities the ability to enhance the quality of their urban services, and increase citizen safety.

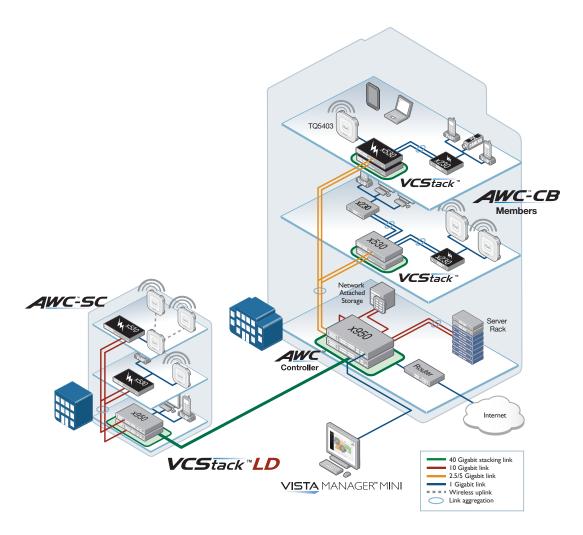
In this key solution, x950 Series switches, together with the Allied Telesis SwitchBlade x908 GEN2, create the ideal distributed core solution for Smart City and IoT networks. Large switching and routing tables support the many devices that make up modern metropolitan networks, including video surveillance cameras, environmental sensors, information kiosks, public Wi-Fi, building automation and many more.

In this Smart City solution, the flexible x950 Series provides 10G, 40G and 100G connectivity. Allied Telesis EPSR creates a high-speed resilient metro ring running at 100Gbps for maximum performance, and extremely fast failover between nodes. EPSR enables rings to recover within as little as 50ms, preventing a node or link failure from impacting the delivery of converged data and video traffic.

AMF automates many day-to-day tasks, backs up the entire network, and provides the ability to configure many or all devices city-wide—with a single command.

The x950 Series and Allied Telesis advanced features enable network managers to deliver leading Smart City services.

Integrated wireless LAN management



Allied Telesis Autonomous Wave Controller (AWC) offers solutions for two of the most common problems with Wireless LANs: initial setup complexity and on-going performance degradation. Initial WLAN set-up usually requires a site survey to achieve the best coverage; and performance of WLANs can often change over time as external sources of radio interference reduce coverage and bandwidth. These issues can be time-consuming to identify and resolve.

AWC features an intelligent process that automatically re-calibrates the signal strength and radio channel of each Access Point (AP) for optimal WLAN performance.

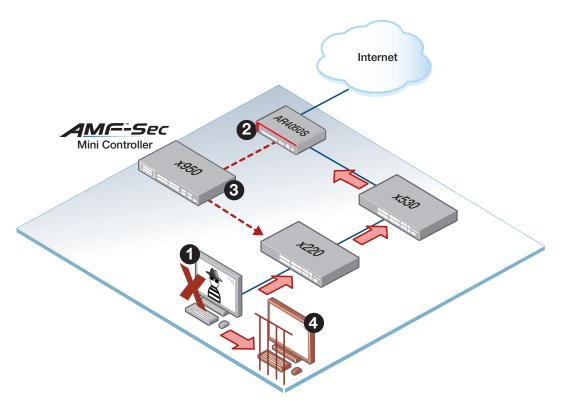
AWC Smart Connect (AWC-SC) uses wireless uplink connections between APs, so deployment is as easy as plugging in and powering on the new APs, which automatically extend the Wi-Fi network, creating a resilient solution.

Vista Manager mini is integrated into the Device Gui of the x950 Series and provides an ideal solution for modern enterprise networks, enabling management of both the wired (with AMF) and wireless (with AWC) networks to be automated. This reduces both the time and cost of network administration, as well as maximizing network performance for a superior user experience.

Up to 5 TQ Series wireless APs can be managed for free, and up to a further 180 APs (max 185) with feature licenses, available separately.

On some AP models, hybrid channel blanket enables multichannel and single-channel WiFi operation simultaneously. This supports seamless roaming and maximum throughput. Channel Blanket licenses are available for up to 180 APs. For plug-and-play wireless deployment AWC-SC licenses are available for up to 180 APs.

Automated Internal LAN Security



- Targeted attack inside the network!

 Malware threat information is seen upline
- 2 The security appliance passes threat information to the AMF-Sec mini controller integrated into the x950 Series switch
- AMF-Sec mini security controller instructs the x220 Series switch to block the threat source.
- Infected device is sent to quarantine to automatically stop the spread of infection

AMF Security mini

Most threat protection solutions are only capable of blocking suspicious external traffic arriving at the firewall from the Internet, so only those external threats can be detected and blocked—this is the traditional "secure border" model.

However, the AMF-Sec mini security controller integrated with the x950 Series switch can isolate traffic anywhere in the network, automatically blocking threats such as targeted attacks, or malware introduced inadvertently by staff with USB flash drives, BYOD and so on.

AMF-Sec mini enables automatic protection from internal threats, to protect the LAN from malware by quarantining any suspect devices. Get easy and immediate edge security, so you can relax and enjoy your self-defending network.

The AMF-Sec mini contoller can be managed from the Device GUI of the x950 for easy administration. AMF-Sec mini licenses for 1 year or 5 years are available (see the license table in this datasheet).

Specifications

PRODUCT	1/2.5/5/10G (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	1/10 GIGABIT SFP+ PORTS	40G/100G QSFP+/ QSFP28 PORTS	XEM BAY	SWITCHING Fabric	FORWARDING RATE
x950-28XSQ		24	4*	1	1.92Tbps	1190Mpps
x950-28XTQm	24		4*	1	1.92Tbps	1190Mpps
x950-52XSQ		48	4*		1.92Tbps	1309Mpps
x950-52XTQm	48		4*		1.92Tbps	1309Mpps

*Can also support up to 16 10G ports (using 4 x 10G breakout cables)

Performance

- Extensive wirespeed traffic classification for ACLs and QoS
- ▶ 9KB L2/L3 Jumbo frames
- ▶ Wirespeed multicasting
- ▶ 96K MAC address entries
- ▶ Up to 96K host entries
- ▶ Up to 8K multicast entries
- ▶ Up to 128 Link Aggregation Groups (LAGS) any combination of static and dynamic (LACP)
- ▶ 4K VLANs (VCStack of up to 4 units)
- ▶ 2K VLANs (VCStack of 5-8 units)
- ▶ 4GB DDR SDRAM
- ▶ 16MB packet buffer memory
- ▶ 4GB Flash Memory

Reliability

- ► Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system
- ▶ Dual hot swappable PSUs with 1 + 1 redundancy
- Dual feed support: a separate power circuit can feed each power supply providing extra reliability
- ► Hot-swappable expansion module (XEM)
- ► Hot-swappable fan modules
- Full environmental monitoring of PSUs, fans, temperature and internal voltages, with SNMP traps to alert network managers in case of any failure

Expandability

- Support for 4 x 40G or 100G connections built in, and an expansion bay to add further switching capacity
- ▶ Versatile licensing options for additional features

Power Characteristics

- ► AC Voltage: 100 to 240V (+/-10% auto ranging)
- ► Frequency: 47 to 63Hz

Diagnostic Tools

- Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links
- ► Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- ► Cable fault locator (TDR)
- ► Find-me device locator
- ► Hardware health monitoring
- ► Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- ► Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)
- ▶ Ping polling for IPv4 and IPv6
- ► Port mirroring
- ► TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6
- ► Uni-Directional Link Detection (UDLD)

IPv4 Features

- ▶ Black hole routing
- ► Directed broadcast forwarding
- ▶ DNS relay
- ► Equal Cost Multi Path (ECMP) routing

- ▶ Policy-based routing
- ► Route maps
- ► Route redistribution (OSPF, BGP, RIP)
- ▶ Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv4
- ▶ UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)
- Up to 600 Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF lite) domains (with license)

IPv6 Features

- ▶ DHCPv6 client and relay
- ► DNSv6 client and relay
- ▶ IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
- ► IPv6 hardware ACLs
- ► Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6
- ► NTPv6 client and server
- ► Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv6
- ► Log to IPv6 hosts with Syslog v6
- ► IPv6 Ready certified

Management

- 7-segment LED provides at-a-glance status and fault information
- Autonomous Management Framework (AMF) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery
- ► Try AMF for free with the built-in Starter license
- Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- ► Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- ▶ Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- Out-of-band 10/100/1000T Ethernet management port
- Powerful CLI scripting engine
- Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standardsbased device management
- ► Built-in text editor
- Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events
- USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices

Quality of Service

- 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
- Bandwidth limiting (virtual bandwidth)
 Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications
- ► IPv6 QoS support and IPv6-aware storm protection
- Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers

- ▶ Policy-based storm protection
- Extensive remarking capabilities and taildrop for queue congestion control
- Queue scheduling options for strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
- ▶ IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on layer 2, 3 and 4 headers

Resiliency Features

- ➤ Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
- Dynamic link failover (host attach)
- ▶ Ethernet Protection Switched Rings (EPSR) with SuperLoop Protection (SLP) and EPSR enhanced recovery for extra resiliency
- ► Flexi-stacking allows the use of any port speed to stack
- ► Long-distance VCStack over fiber (VCStack LD)
- ► Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting
- ► PVST+ compatibility mode
- ▶ STP root guard
- ► VCStack fast failover minimizes network disruption

Security

- Federal Information Processing Standard Publication 140-2 (FIPS 140-2) certified
- ► Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers
- ► Configurable ACLs for management traffic
- Dvnamic ACLs assigned via port authentication
- ► ACL Groups enable multiple hosts/ports to be included in a single ACL, reducing configuration
- ► Auth fail and guest VLANs
- ► Authentication, Authorisation and Accounting (AAA)
- ▶ Bootloader can be password protected for device security
- ► BPDU protection
- ▶ DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- ► Dynamic VLAN assignment
- ► MAC address filtering and MAC address lock-down
- ► Media Access Control Security (MACSec)
- ► Network Access Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
- ► Learn limits (intrusion detection) for single ports or LAGs
- ► Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN
- ► Secure Copy (SCP)
- ► Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) client
- ► Strong password security and encryption
- ► TACACS+ command authorisation
- ► Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1x
- ▶ Web-based authentication
- ► RADIUS group selection per VLAN or port
- ► RADIUS Proxy

Software-Defined Networking (SDN)

 OpenFlow v1.3 with support for encryption, connection interruption and inactivity probe

Environmental Specifications

- Operating temperature range:
 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F)
 0°C to 45°C (32°F to 113°F) if using 100G
 QSFP28 modules
 Derated by 1°C per 305 meters (1,000 ft)
- ► Storage temperature range: -25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)
- Operating relative humidity range: 5% to 90% non-condensing

- ➤ Storage relative humidity range: 5% to 95% non-condensing
- ➤ Operating altitude: 3,050 meters maximum (10,000 ft)

Electrical Approvals and Compliances

► EMC: EN55032 class A, FCC class A, VCCI class A

► Immunity: EN55024, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker)

Safety

 Standards: UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, EN60950-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS 60950 ► Certification: UL, cUL, TUV, FIPS 140-2

Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance

- ► EU RoHS compliant
- ► China RoHS compliant

Physical Specifications

			WEIGHT		
PRODUCT	WIDTH X DEPTH X HEIGHT	MOUNTING	UNPACKAGED	PACKAGED	
x950-28XSQ	440 x 445 x 44 mm (17.32 x 17.52 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount 1 RU	7.26 kg (16.01 lb)	10.76 kg (23.72 lb)	
x950-28XTQm	440 x 445 x 44 mm (17.32 x 17.52 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount 1 RU	7.26 kg (16.01 lb)	10.94 kg (24.12 lb)	
x950-52XSQ	441 x 449 x 44 mm (17.36 x 17.68 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount 1 RU	7.5 kg (16.5 lb)	12.0 kg (26.5 lb)	
x950-52XTQm	441 x 449 x 44 mm (17.36 x 17.68 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount 1 RU	7.7kg (16.98lb)	11.26kg (24.83lb)	
PWR600-AC	51 x 245 x 40 mm (2.0 x 9.6 x 1.6 in)	N/A	0.84 kg (1.85 lb)	2.04 kg (4.50 lb)	
PWR600-DC	51 x 245 x 40 mm (2.0 x 9.6 x 1.6 in)	N/A	0.84 kg (1.85 lb)	1.84 kg (4.06 lb)	
FAN05	153 x 100 x 43 mm (6.02 x 3.94 x 1.69 in)	N/A	0.35 kg (0.77 lb)	1.06 kg (2.34 lb)	
PWR600R-AC	51 x 255 x 41 mm (2.0 x 10.04 x 1.62 in)	N/A	0.84kg (1.85 lb)	2.04 kg (4.50 lb)	
PWR600R-DC	51 x 255 x 41 mm (2.0 x 10.04 x 1.62 in)	N/A	0.84kg (1.85 lb)	2.04 kg (4.50 lb)	
FAN05R	153 x 80 x 43 mm (5.99 x 3.15 x 1.69 in)	N/A	0.36kg (0.79 lb)	1.03 kg (2.27 lb)	
XEM2-8XSTm	130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in)	N/A	0.70 kg (1.54 lb)	1.7 kg (3.75 lb)	
XEM2-12XTm	130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in)	N/A	0.75 kg (1.65 lb)	1.8 kg (3.97 lb)	
XEM2-12XT	130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in)	N/A	0.75 kg (1.65 lb)	1.8 kg (3.97 lb)	
XEM2-12XS v2	130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in)	N/A	0.75 kg (1.65 lb)	1.8 kg (3.97 lb)	
XEM2-4QS	130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in)	N/A	0.66 kg (1.45 lb)	1.7 kg (3.75 lb)	
XEM2-1CQ	130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in)	N/A	0.62 kg (1.37 lb)	1.6 kg (3.53 lb)	

Power, Heat, Noise (with two PSUs installed)

PRODUCT	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE
x950-28XSQ	231.2W	789.0 BTU/h	63.4 dBA
x950-28XSQ + XEM2-8XSTm	250.3W	854.0 BTU/h	63.4 dBA
x950-28XSQ + XEM2-12XTm	261.6W	892.8 BTU/h	63.4 dBA
x950-28XSQ + XEM2-12XT	271.9W	927.7 BTU/h	63.4 dBA
x950-28XSQ + XEM2-12XS v2	262.3W	895.1 BTU/h	63.4 dBA
x950-28XSQ + XEM2-4QS	248.0W	846.4 BTU/h	63.4 dBA
x950-28XSQ + XEM2-1CQ	238.1W	812.8 BTU/h	63.4 dBA
x950-28XTQm	255.3W	871.1 BTU/h	61.9 dBA
x950-28XTQm + XEM2-8XSTm	273.9W	934.7 BTU/h	61.9 dBA
x950-28XTQm + XEM2-12XTm	284.6W	971.3 BTU/h	61.9 dBA
x950-28XTQm + XEM2-12XT	295.8W	1009.5 BTU/h	61.9 dBA
x950-28XTQm + XEM2-12XS v2	286.2W	976.6 BTU/h	61.9 dBA
x950-28XTQm + XEM2-4QS	271.7W	927.1 BTU/h	61.9 dBA
x950-28XTQm + XEM2-1CQ	261.7W	893.2 BTU/h	61.9 dBA
x950-52XSQ	266.1W	908.1 BTU/h	65.7 dBA
x950-52XTQm	300W	1,089 BTU/h	63.5 dBA

Latency (microseconds)

PRODUCT	LATENCY	
x950-28XSQ	0.8µs	
x950-28XTQm	2.3μs	
x950-52XSQ	0.98 μs (100Gbps, FEC)	
x950-52XTQm	2.3μs	
XEM2-8XSTm	2.2μs	
XEM2-12XTm	2.4µs	
XEM2-12XT	2.4µs	
XEM2-12XS v2	1.9µs	
XEM2-4QS	0.7μs	
XEM2-1CQ	0.7μs	

Standards and Protocols

AlliedWare Plus Operating System

Version 5.5.1-2

Authentication

RFC 1321 MD5 Message-Digest algorithm
RFC 1828 IP authentication using keyed MD5

Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)

BGP dynamic capability

BGP outbound route filtering

RFC 1772 Application of the Border Gateway Protocol

(BGP) in the Internet

RFC 1997 BGP communities attribute
RFC 2385 Protection of BGP sessions via the TCP MD5

signature option

RFC 2439 BGP route flap damping

RFC 2545 Use of BGP-4 multiprotocol extensions for

IPv6 inter-domain routing

RFC 2858 Multiprotocol extensions for BGP-4

RFC 2918 Route refresh capability for BGP-4
RFC 3392 Capabilities advertisement with BGP-4

RFC 3882 Configuring BGP to block Denial-of-Service

(DoS) attacks
RFC 4271 Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)

RFC 4360 BGP extended communities
RFC 4456 BGP route reflection - an alternative to full mesh iBGP

RFC 4724 BGP graceful restart

RFC 4893 BGP support for four-octet AS number space RFC 5065 Autonomous system confederations for BGP

Cryptographic Algorithms FIPS Approved Algorithms

Encryption (Block Ciphers):

► AES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)

▶ 3DES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes) Block Cipher Modes:

► CCM

CMAC

► GCM

► XTS

Digital Signatures & Asymmetric Key Generation:

► DSA

► ECDSA

► RSA Secure Hashing:

► SHA-1

► SHA-2 (SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384. SHA-512) Message Authentication:

► HMAC (SHA-1, SHA-2(224, 256, 384, 512) Random Number Generation:

DRBG (Hash, HMAC and Counter)

Non FIPS Approved Algorithms

RNG (AES128/192/256) DES

MD5

Etherne	et Standards	RFC 1215	Convention for defining traps for use with the	RFC 1245	OSPF protocol analysis
IEEE 802.1/	AE Media Access Control Security (MACSec)		SNMP	RFC 1246	Experience with the OSPF protocol
	Logical Link Control (LLC)	RFC 1227	SNMP MUX protocol and MIB	RFC 1370	Applicability statement for OSPF
IEEE 802.3		RFC 1239	Standard MIB	RFC 1765	OSPF database overflow
	ab1000BASE-T	RFC 1724	RIPv2 MIB extension	RFC 2328	OSPFv2
	ae10 Gigabit Ethernet	RFC 2578	Structure of Management Information v2	RFC 2370	OSPF opaque LSA option
	an10GBASE-T	RFC 2579	(SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2	RFC 2740 RFC 3101	OSPENAT So Stubby Area (NSSA) ention
	az Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)	RFC 2579	Conformance statements for SMIv2	RFC 3509	OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area
	ba40GBASE-X bj 100GBASE-X	RFC 2674	Definitions of managed objects for bridges	NFC 3309	border routers
	bz 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T	111 0 2014	with traffic classes, multicast filtering and	RFC 3623	Graceful OSPF restart
	x Flow control - full-duplex operation		VLAN extensions	RFC 3630	Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF
	z 1000BASE-X	RFC 2741	Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol	RFC 4552	Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3
		RFC 2787	Definitions of managed objects for VRRP	RFC 5329	Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3
IPv4 Fea	atures	RFC 2819	RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)	RFC 5340	OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support)
RFC 768	User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	RFC 2863	Interfaces group MIB		
RFC 791	Internet Protocol (IP)	RFC 3164	Syslog protocol	-	of Service (QoS)
RFC 792	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)	RFC 3176	sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks		Priority tagging
RFC 793	Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)	RFC 3411	An architecture for describing SNMP	RFC 2211	Specification of the controlled-load network
RFC 826 RFC 894	Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams	111 0 0 411	management frameworks	RFC 2474	element service DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port
111 0 034	over Ethernet networks	RFC 3412	Message processing and dispatching for the	RFC 2475	DiffServ architecture
RFC 919	Broadcasting Internet datagrams		SNMP	RFC 2597	DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)
RFC 922	Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the	RFC 3413	SNMP applications	RFC 2697	A single-rate three-color marker
	presence of subnets	RFC 3414	User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3	RFC 2698	A two-rate three-color marker
RFC 932	Subnetwork addressing scheme	RFC 3415	View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for	RFC 3246	DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)
RFC 950	Internet standard subnetting procedure	DEC 2445	SNMP		
RFC 951	Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)	RFC 3416	Version 2 of the protocol operations for the		cy Features
RFC 1027	Proxy ARP	RFC 3417	SNMP Transport mappings for the SNMP		XLink aggregation (static and LACP)
RFC 1035 RFC 1042	DNS client Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams	RFC 3417	MIB for SNMP		MAC bridges
RFG 1042	over IEEE 802 networks	RFC 3621	Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB		Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)
RFC 1071	Computing the Internet checksum	RFC 3635	Definitions of managed objects for the		dStatic and dynamic link aggregation
RFC 1122	Internet host requirements		Ethernet-like interface types		Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3
RFC 1191	Path MTU discovery	RFC 3636	IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB	0 07 00	(VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6
RFC 1256	ICMP router discovery messages	RFC 4022	MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol		
RFC 1518	An architecture for IP address allocation with		(TCP)	Routing	Information Protocol (RIP)
	CIDR	RFC 4113	MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	RFC 1058	Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
RFC 1519	Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)	RFC 4188	Definitions of managed objects for bridges	RFC 2080	RIPng for IPv6
RFC 1542	Clarifications and extensions for BootP	RFC 4292 RFC 4293	IP forwarding table MIB MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)	RFC 2081	RIPng protocol applicability statement
RFC 1591	Domain Name System (DNS)	RFC 4318	Definitions of managed objects for bridges	RFC 2082	RIP-2 MD5 authentication
RFC 1812 RFC 1918	Requirements for IPv4 routers IP addressing	111 0 4010	with RSTP	RFC 2453	RIPv2
RFC 2581	TCP congestion control	RFC 4560	Definitions of managed objects for remote ping,		
111 0 2001	Tor congestion control		traceroute and lookup operations	-	Features
			Definitions of account abinets for VDDD0		
IPv6 Fea	atures	RFC 6527	Definitions of managed objects for VRRPv3	SSH remote	•
IPv6 Fea	atures Path MTU discovery for IPv6			SSLv2 and S	SLv3
		Multica	st Support	SSLv2 and S	SLv3 ecounting, Authentication and Authorization
RFC 1981	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet	Multica Bootstrap R	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ac	SLv3
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ac	SLv3 ecounting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA)
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation oing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ad IEEE 802.1X	SLv3 ecounting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP snoop	st Support louter (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation long (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) long fast-leave	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ad IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3587	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation oing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) oing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy)	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ad IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS")
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3587 RFC 3596	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation oing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) oing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2)	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ad IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2865	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3587	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation sing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) soling fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) sing (MLDv1 and v2)	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ad IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2865 RFC 2866	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3587 RFC 3596 RFC 4007	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop PIM for IPvt PIM SSM fc RFC 1112	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation oing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) oing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2) or IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1)	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ac IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2865 RFC 2866 RFC 2868	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3587 RFC 3596 RFC 4007 RFC 4193 RFC 4213	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop PIM for IPv6 PIM SSM fc	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation oing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) oing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2) or IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ad IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2865 RFC 2866	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3587 RFC 3596 RFC 4007 RFC 4193 RFC 4213	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers IPv6 addressing architecture	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop PIM SSM fc RFC 1112 RFC 2236	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation ining (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) oing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2) or IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2)	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ac IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2865 RFC 2866 RFC 2868	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting RADIUS accounting RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3596 RFC 4007 RFC 4193 RFC 4213 RFC 4291 RFC 4443	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers IPv6 addressing architecture Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop PIM for IPvt PIM SSM fc RFC 1112 RFC 2236	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation ing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) oing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2) or IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ac IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2865 RFC 2866 RFC 2868 RFC 3280	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting RADIUS accounting RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3596 RFC 4007 RFC 4193 RFC 4213 RFC 4291 RFC 4443 RFC 4861	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers IPv6 addressing architecture Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) Neighbor discovery for IPv6	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop PIM SSM fc RFC 1112 RFC 2236	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation ing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) ing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2) in IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ad IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2865 RFC 2866 RFC 2868 RFC 3280 RFC 3579	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting RADIUS accounting RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3596 RFC 4007 RFC 4193 RFC 4213 RFC 4291 RFC 4443	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers IPv6 addressing architecture Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) Neighbor discovery for IPv6 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop PIM for IPvt PIM SSM fc RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation solicitation soling (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) sing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2) solid r IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ad IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2865 RFC 2866 RFC 2868 RFC 3280 RFC 3546 RFC 3579	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting RADIUS accounting RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3587 RFC 4007 RFC 4193 RFC 4213 RFC 4291 RFC 4443 RFC 4861 RFC 4862	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers IPv6 addressing architecture Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) Neighbor discovery for IPv6 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration (SLAAC)	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop PIM for IPvt PIM SSM fc RFC 1112 RFC 2236	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation ing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) ing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2) in IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ad IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2865 RFC 2866 RFC 2868 RFC 3280 RFC 3579 RFC 3580 RFC 3748	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting RADIUS accounting RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3587 RFC 4007 RFC 4193 RFC 4213 RFC 4291 RFC 4443 RFC 4861 RFC 4862 RFC 5014	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers IPv6 addressing architecture Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) Neighbor discovery for IPv6 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration (SLAAC) IPv6 socket API for source address selection	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop PIM for IPvt PIM SSM fc RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715 RFC 3306	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation oing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) oing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2) or IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ad IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2865 RFC 2866 RFC 2868 RFC 3546 RFC 3579 RFC 3579	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting RADIUS accounting RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3587 RFC 4007 RFC 4193 RFC 4213 RFC 4291 RFC 4443 RFC 4861 RFC 4862	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers IPv6 addressing architecture Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) Neighbor discovery for IPv6 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration (SLAAC)	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP gnory IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop PIM for IPvt PIM SSM fc RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715 RFC 3306 RFC 3376	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation oing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) oing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2) or IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses IGMPv3	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ac IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2865 RFC 2866 RFC 2868 RFC 3546 RFC 3579 RFC 3579 RFC 3748 RFC 4251 RFC 4252	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting RADIUS accounting RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3587 RFC 4007 RFC 4193 RFC 4213 RFC 4291 RFC 4443 RFC 4862 RFC 5014 RFC 5095	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers IPv6 addressing architecture Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) Neighbor discovery for IPv6 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration (SLAAC) IPv6 socket API for source address selection Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6	Multica Bootstrap F IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop PIM for IPvt PIM SSM fc RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715 RFC 3306 RFC 3376 RFC 3810	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation sping (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) sping fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) sping (MLDv1 and v2) sping (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses IGMPv3 Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for IPv6	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ac IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2866 RFC 2866 RFC 3580 RFC 3546 RFC 3579 RFC 3580 RFC 3748 RFC 4251 RFC 4252 RFC 4253	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting RADIUS accounting RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3587 RFC 3596 RFC 4007 RFC 4193 RFC 4291 RFC 4443 RFC 4861 RFC 4862 RFC 5014 RFC 5095 RFC 5175	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers IPv6 addressing architecture Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) Neighbor discovery for IPv6 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration (SLAAC) IPv6 socket API for source address selection Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop PIM for IPvt PIM SSM fc RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715 RFC 3306 RFC 3376 RFC 3618	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation ing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) oing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2) or IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses IGMPv3 Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for IPv6 Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ac IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2866 RFC 2866 RFC 3546 RFC 3546 RFC 3579 RFC 3579 RFC 3748 RFC 4251 RFC 4252 RFC 4253 RFC 4254	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting RADIUS accounting RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3587 RFC 3596 RFC 4007 RFC 4193 RFC 4213 RFC 4291 RFC 4443 RFC 4861 RFC 4862 RFC 5014 RFC 5095 RFC 5175 RFC 6105	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers IPv6 addressing architecture Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) Neighbor discovery for IPv6 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration (SLAAC) IPv6 socket API for source address selection Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop PIM for IPv6 PIM SSM fc RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715 RFC 3306 RFC 3376 RFC 3618 RFC 3810 RFC 3956	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation ing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) oing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2) or IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses IGMPv3 Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for IPv6 Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address in an IPv6 multicast address	SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ac IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2866 RFC 2866 RFC 3580 RFC 3546 RFC 3579 RFC 3580 RFC 3748 RFC 4251 RFC 4252 RFC 4253	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting RADIUS accounting RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol
RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3587 RFC 3596 RFC 4007 RFC 4193 RFC 4213 RFC 4291 RFC 4443 RFC 4861 RFC 5095 RFC 5075 RFC 5175 RFC 6105	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers IPv6 addressing architecture Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) Neighbor discovery for IPv6 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration (SLAAC) IPv6 socket API for source address selection Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP snoop IGMP snoop IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop PIM for IPv6 PIM SSM fc RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715 RFC 3306 RFC 3376 RFC 3810 RFC 3956 RFC 3973	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation bing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) bing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2) ing (MLDv2) ing (MLDv2) ing (MLDv3 ing Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols included in ing (MLDv2) ing (MLDv3) ing (MLDv2) ing (MLDv2) ing (MLDv3) ing (MLDv4) ing (SSLv2 and S TACACS+ Ad IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2865 RFC 2866 RFC 2868 RFC 3280 RFC 3546 RFC 3579 RFC 3580 RFC 3748 RFC 4251 RFC 4252 RFC 4253 RFC 4254 RFC 5176	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting RADIUS accounting RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol RADIUS COA (Change of Authorization)
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RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3596 RFC 4007 RFC 4193 RFC 4213 RFC 4291 RFC 4443 RFC 4861 RFC 5014 RFC 5095 RFC 5175 RFC 6105 Manage AMF MIB ar AT Enterpris Optical DDN SNMPv1, v2	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers IPv6 addressing architecture Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) Neighbor discovery for IPv6 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration (SLAAC) IPv6 socket API for source address selection Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard Pernent and SNMP traps See MIB M MIB 2c and v3 B Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) Structure and identification of management	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop PIM for IPvt PIM SSM fc RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715 RFC 3306 RFC 3376 RFC 3618 RFC 3810 RFC 3956 RFC 3973 RFC 4541 RFC 4601	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation oing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) oing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2) or IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses IGMPv3 Multicast Source Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for IPv6 Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address in an IPv6 multicast address PIM Dense Mode (DM) IGMP and MLD snooping switches Protocol Independent Multicast - Sparse Mode (PIM-SM): protocol specification (revised) Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific	SSLv2 and STACACS+ AC IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2865 RFC 2866 RFC 2866 RFC 3280 RFC 3546 RFC 3579 RFC 3580 RFC 3579 RFC 4251 RFC 4252 RFC 4253 RFC 4254 RFC 5176 RFC 5246 Services RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858	SLV3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting RADIUS accounting RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol RADIUS COA (Change of Authorization) TLS v1.2 Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option
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RFC 1981 RFC 2460 RFC 2464 RFC 2711 RFC 3484 RFC 3587 RFC 3596 RFC 4007 RFC 4193 RFC 4213 RFC 4291 RFC 4861 RFC 5014 RFC 5095 RFC 5175 RFC 6105 Manage AMF MIB ar AT Enterpris Optical DDIN SNMPv1, v2 IEEE 802.1A RFC 1155	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks IPv6 router alert option Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers IPv6 addressing architecture Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) Neighbor discovery for IPv6 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration (SLAAC) IPv6 socket API for source address selection Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) glags option IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard Pernent Ind SNMP traps See MIB M MIB 2c and v3 B Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) Structure and identification of management information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/IP-based	Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoop PIM for IPvt PIM SSM fc RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715 RFC 3306 RFC 3376 RFC 3818 RFC 3810 RFC 3956 RFC 3973 RFC 4541 RFC 4601 RFC 4607 Open SI OSPF link-let	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation oing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) oing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2) or IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses IGMPv3 Multicast Listener Discovery Protocol (MSDP) Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for IPv6 Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address in an IPv6 multicast address PIM Dense Mode (DM) IGMP and MLD snooping switches Protocol Independent Multicast - Sparse Mode (PIM-SM): protocol specification (revised) Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP	SSLv2 and STACACS+ ACT IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X IEEE 802.1X RFC 2818 RFC 2865 RFC 2866 RFC 2866 RFC 3280 RFC 3546 RFC 3579 RFC 3580 RFC 3748 RFC 4251 RFC 4252 RFC 4253 RFC 4254 RFC 5176 RFC 5246 Services RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350	SLv3 counting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA) Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) Multi-supplicant authentication Port-based network access control HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication RADIUS accounting RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) Secure Shell (SSHv2) profocol architecture Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol RADIUS CoA (Change of Authorization) TLS v1.2 Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specification Telnet echo option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
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RFC 2132	DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions
RFC 2616	Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
RFC 2821	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
RFC 2822	Internet message format
RFC 3046	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP
	option 82)
RFC 3315	DHCPv6 (server, relay and client)
RFC 3633	IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6
RFC 3646	DNS configuration options for DHCPv6
RFC 3993	Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent
	option
RFC 4330	Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4
RFC 5905	Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4

VLAN Support

Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP) IEEE 802.1ad Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges IEEE 802.1v VLAN classification by protocol and port IEEE 802.3acVLAN tagging

Static VXLAN tunnels (part of RFC 7348)

Voice over IP (VoIP)

LLDP-MED ANSI/TIA-1057

Voice VLAN

Feature Licenses

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES	STACK LICENSING
AT-FL-x950-01	x950 Premium license	 ▶ OSPF¹ (16,000 routes) ▶ BGP4¹ (5,000 routes) ▶ PIMv4-SM, DM and SSM (2,000 entries) ▶ VLAN double tagging (Q-in-Q) ▶ RIPng (5,000 routes) ▶ OSPFv3 (8,000 routes) ▶ BGP4+ (5,000 routes) ▶ MLDv1 and v2 ▶ PIMv6-SM and SSM (1,000 entries) ▶ VRF lite (63 domains) ▶ RADIUS Full ▶ UDLD ▶ VLAN Translation ▶ VXLAN 	One license per stack member
AT-SW-AM10-1YR ²	Cumulative AMF Master license	► AMF Master license for up to 10 nodes for 1 year	➤ One license per stack
AT-SW-AM10-5YR ²	Cumulative AMF Master license	► AMF Master license for up to 10 nodes for 5 years	➤ One license per stack
AT-FL-x950-AAP-1YR	AMF Application Proxy license	► AMF Application Proxy license for 1 year	► One license per stack
AT-FL-x950-AAP-5YR	AMF Application Proxy license	► AMF Application Proxy license for 5 years	➤ One license per stack
AT-FL-x950-0F13-1YR	OpenFlow license	► OpenFlow v1.3 for 1 year	Not supported on a stack
AT-FL-x950-0F13-5YR	OpenFlow license	➤ OpenFlow v1.3 for 5 years	Not supported on a stack
AT-FL-x950-8032	ITU-T G.8032 license	► G.8032 ring protection ► Ethernet CFM	One license per stack member
AT-FL-x950-MODB	Modbus license	► Modbus for industrial applications	One license per stack member
AT-FL-x950-MSEC ³	MACSec license	▶ Media Access Control Security	 One license per stack member
AT-FL-x950-VLF	VRF-Lite Full license	▶ VRF lite (600 domains)	One license per stack member
AT-FL-x950-ASEC-1YR	AMF-Sec license	► AMF-Sec license for 1 year	► One license per stack
AT-FL-x950-ASEC-5YR	AMF-Sec license	► AMF-Sec license for 5 years	► One license per stack
AT-SW-AWC10-1YR4	Cumulative AWC license	► Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) license for up to 10 access points for 1 year	One license per stack
AT-SW-AWC10-5YR ⁴	Cumulative AWC license	▶ Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) license for up to 10 access points for 5 years	One license per stack
AT-SW-CB10-1YR ⁵	Cumulative AWC-CB license	► AWC Channel Blanket license for up to 10 access points for 1 year	One license per stack
AT-SW-CB10-5YR ⁵	Cumulative AWC-CB license	► AWC Channel Blanket license for up to 10 access points for 5 years	► One license per stack
AT-SW-SC10-1YR ⁶	Cumulative AWC-SC license	► AWC Smart Connect license for up to 10 access points for 1 year	► One license per stack
AT-SW-SC10-5YR [®]	Cumulative AWC-SC license	► AWC Smart Connect license for up to 10 access points for 5 years	► One license per stack

¹ 64 OSPF and BGP routes included in base license

AlliedTelesis.com 10 | x950 Series

² Purchase one license per 10 nodes (up to 180 nodes maximum)

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ MACSec only operates on the XEM2-12XS v2 and XEM2-8XSTm expansion modules

 $^{^45}$ APs can be managed for free. Purchase one license per 10 additional APs (up to 180 APs maximum)

⁵ Channel Blanket is not available as a free service. Both an AWC-CB license and an AWC license are required for Channel Blanket to operate. Purchase one AWC-CB license per 10 APs (up to 180 APs maximum). This feature is supported on TQ6602, TQ5403, and TQ5403e access points

6 Smart Connect is not available as a free service. Both an AWC-SC license and an AWC license are required for Smart Connect to operate. Purchase one AWC-SC license per 10 APs (up to 180 APs maximum). This feature is

supported on TQ5403, TQ5403e and TQm5403 access points

Ordering Information

AT-x950-28XSQ-B0y7,8

24-port 1/10G SFP/SFP+ stackable switch with 4 x 40G/100G QSFP+/QSFP28 ports, a XEM bay, and dual hotswap PSU and Fan bays

AT-x950-28XTQm-B0y7,8

24-port 1/2.5/5/10G copper stackable switch with 4 x 40G/100G QSFP+/QSFP28 ports, a XEM bay, and dual hotswap PSU and Fan bays

AT-x950-52XSQ-B0v7,8

48-port 1/10G SFP/SFP+ stackable switch with 4 x 40G/100G QSFP+/QSFP28 ports, and dual hotswap PSU and Fan bays

AT-x950-52XTQm-B0y7,8

48-port 100M(FD)/1G/2.5m G/5G/10G copper ports with 4 x 40G/100G ports QSFP+/QSFP28 ports, and dual hotswap PSU and Fan bays

AT-RKMT-SL01

Sliding rack mount kit

AT-FAN05-B0y7

Spare hot-swappable fan module

AT-PWR600-B8v7,8

600W DC system power supply

AT-PWR600-BXy7, 8, 9

600W AC system power supply

AT-FAN05R-B0y

Hot-swappable fan module (reverse airflow)

AT-PWR600R-B8y

600W DC system power supply (reverse airflow)

AT-PWR600R-BXy

600W AC system power supply (reverse airflow)

AT-XEM2-8XSTm-B0y7

4 x 1/2.5/5/10G RJ45 ports and 4 x 1G/10G SFP+ ports

AT-XEM2-12XTm-B0y7

12 x 1/2.5/5/10G RJ45 ports

AT-XEM2-12XT-B0y7

12 x 100M/1G/10G RJ45 ports

AT-XEM2-12XS v2-B0y7

12 x 1G/10G SFP+ ports

AT-XEM2-4QS-B0v7

4 x 40G QSFP+ ports

AT-XEM2-1CQ-B0y7

1 x 100G QSFP28 port

Accessories

100G QSFP28 Modules

AT-QSFP28-SR4

100GSR 850nm short-haul up to 100 m with MMF

AT-QSFP28-LR4

100GLR 1310nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

AT-QSFP28-1CU

1 meter QSFP28 direct attach cable

AT-QSFP28-3CU

3 meter QSFP28 direct attach cable

40G QSFP+ Modules

AT-QSFP1CU

1 meter QSFP+ direct attach cable

AT-QSFP3CU

3 meter QSFP+ direct attach cable

AT-QSFPSR4

40GSR4 850nm short-haul up to 150 m with MMF

AT-QSFPLR4

40GLR4 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

AT-QSFPER4

40GER4 1310 nm long-haul, 40 km with SMF

AT-MTP12-1

1 meter MTP optical cable for AT-QSFPSR

AT-MTP12-5

5 meter MTP optical cable for AT-QSFPSR

Breakout Cables

For 4 x 10G connections

AT-QSFP-4SFP10G-3CU

QSFP to 4 x SFP+ breakout direct attach cable (3 m)

AT-QSFP-4SFP10G-5CU

QSFP to 4 x SFP+ breakout direct attach cable (5 m)

10GbE SFP+ Modules

AT-SP10SR

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF

AT-SP10SR/I

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LRM

10GLRM 1310 nm short-haul, 220 m with MMF

AT-SP10LB

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

AT-SP10LRa/I

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ER40a/I

10GER 1310nm long-haul, 40 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ZR80/I

10GER 1550nm long-haul, 80 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10TM

1G/2.5G/5G/10G, 100m copper, TAA¹⁰

10GbE SFP+ Cables

AT-SP10TW1

1 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW3

3 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW7

7 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

1000Mbps SFP Modules

AT-SPSX/I

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m industrial temperature

AT-SPTX

1000T 100 m copper

AT-SPSX

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m $\,$

AT-SPEX

1000X GbE multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

AT-SPLX10

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPLX10/I

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km industrial temperature

AT-SPBD10-13

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km $\,$

AT-SPBD10-14

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km $\,$

AT-SPBD20-13/I

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km

AT-SPBD20-14/I

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km

AT-SPBD40-13/I

1000LX GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPBD40-14/I

1000LX GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPLX40

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 40 km

AT-SPZX80

1000ZX GbE single-mode 1550 nm fiber up to 80 km

AT-SPZX120/I

1000ZX GbE single-mode 1550 nm fiber up to 120 km industrial temperature



Where Oy =01 for 1 year Net Cover support 05 for 5 years Net Cover support

⁸ Note that fans are included but NO power supplies ship with the base chassis, they must be ordered separately

⁹ Where x = 1y for AC power supply with US power cord 2y for AC power supply with no power cord 3y for AC power supply with UK power cord 4y for AC power supply with AU power cord 5y for AC power supply with EU power cord